

Is Bigger Always Better? Modal Shift Through Freight Disaggregation

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May 23, 2022

Current intermodal system relies on truck for middle mile

Long Haul
1000+ miles

Middle Mile 50-1000 miles <u>Last Mile</u>

<50 miles

















Current intermodal system relies on truck for middle mile

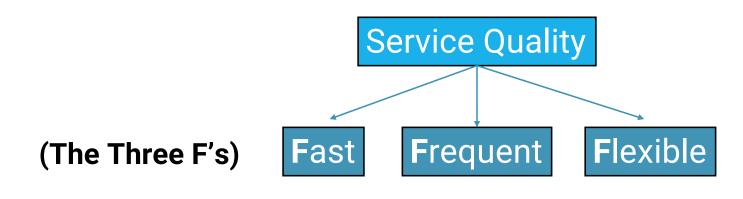
Long Haul
1000+ miles

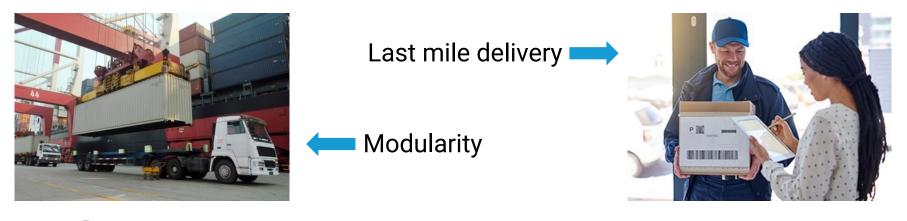
Middle Mile
50-1000 miles

70%



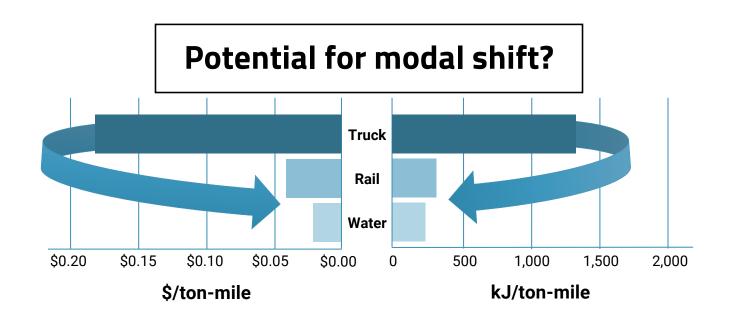
Trucks provide excellent service quality







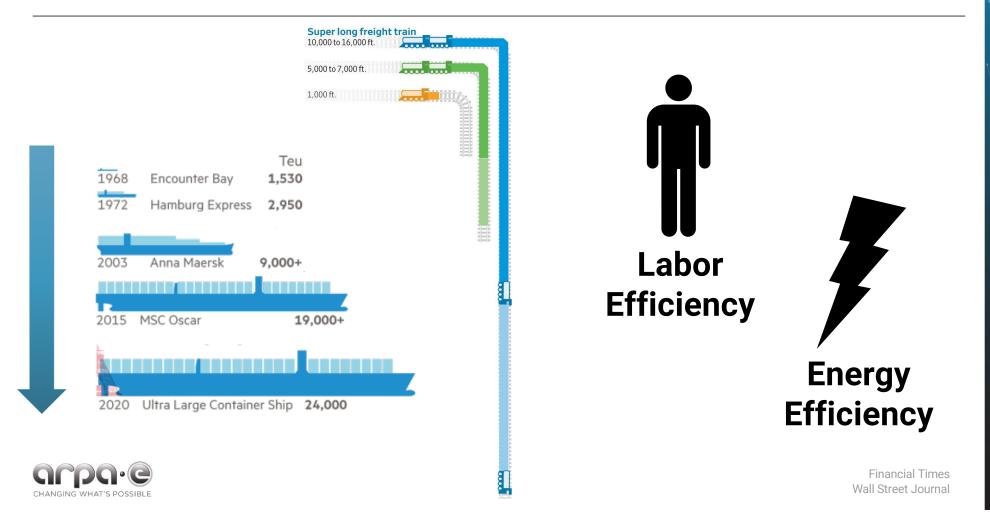
But trucking is an inefficient and expensive mode...



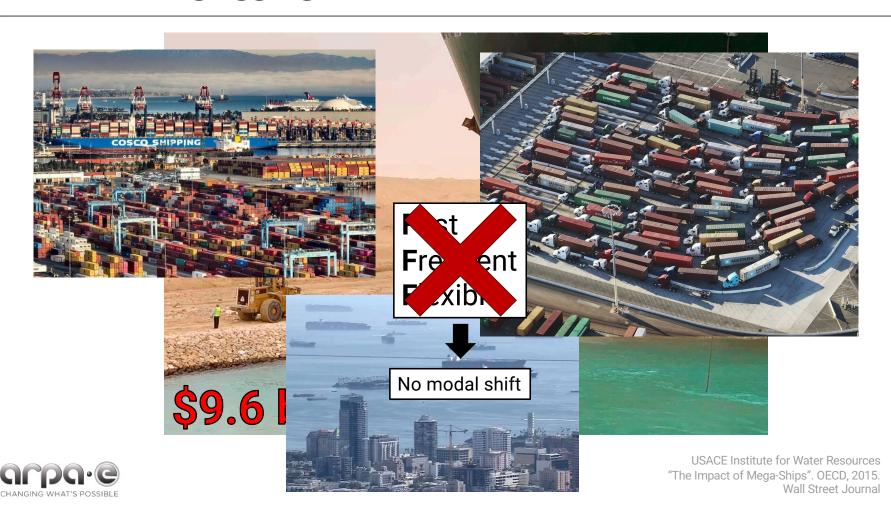
...resulting in over 5% of total US energy use.



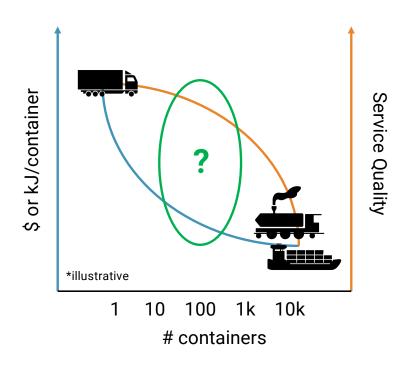
Historically, freight aggregation enabled differentiation from trucking



But increasing aggregation also comes with drawbacks

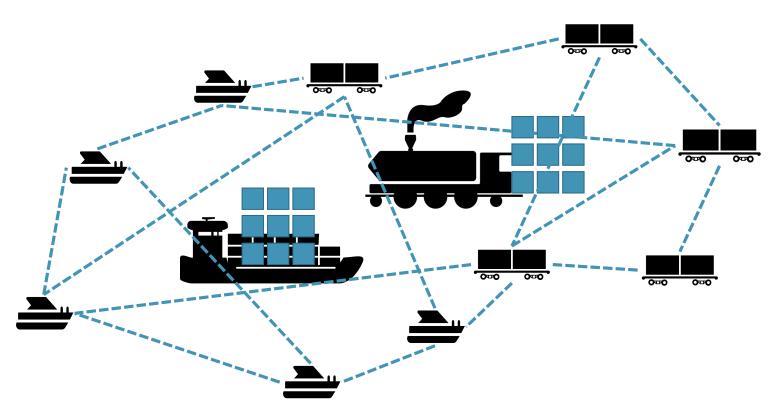


Current middle-mile options: two opposite ends of the spectrum





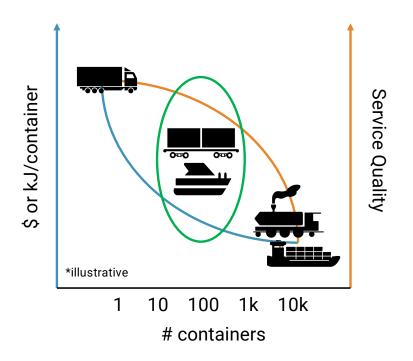
Disaggregation: Breaking it down

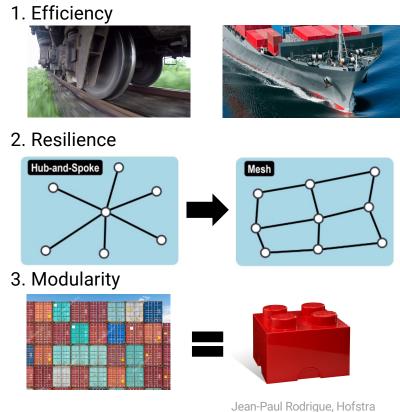




Disaggregation could find sweet spot of service quality and efficiency

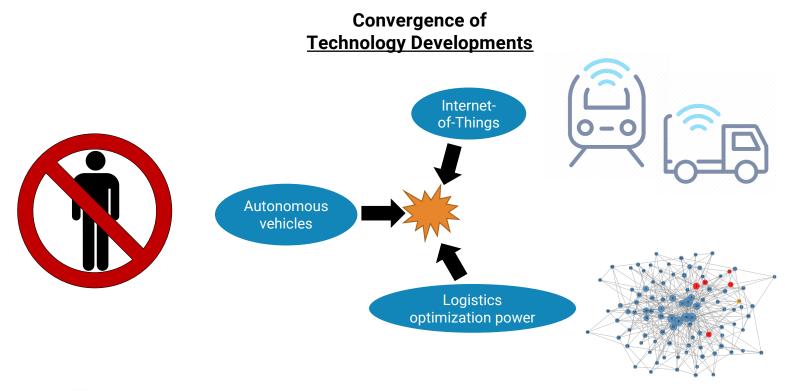
A third option for freight transport: smaller, speedier chunks with the efficiency of aggregated modes



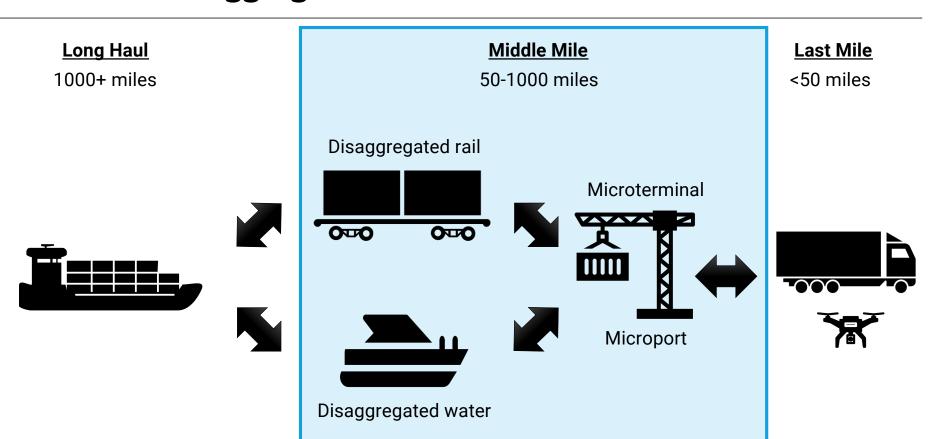




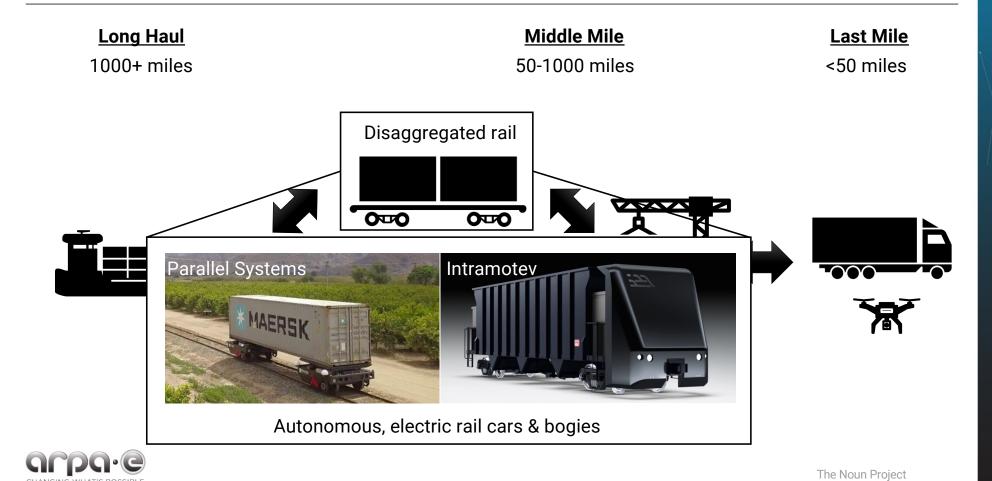
Connectivity and autonomy enable the transition

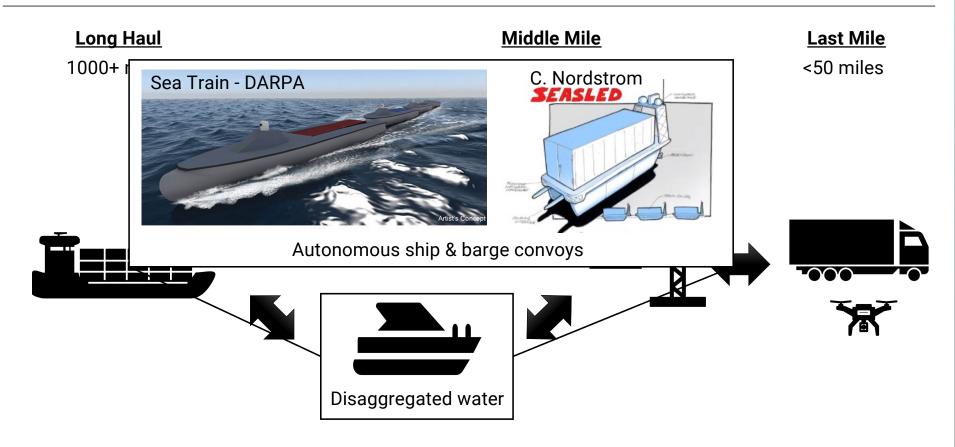






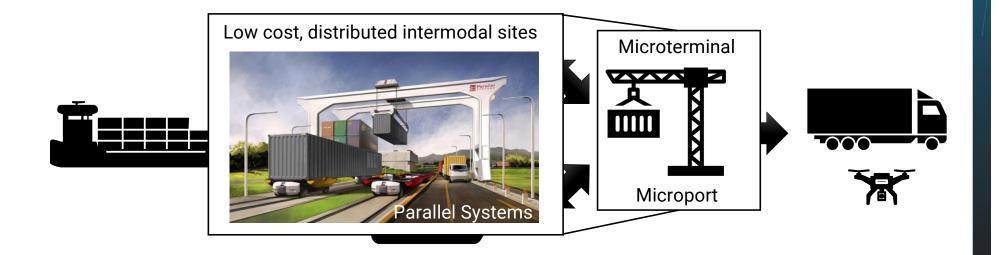






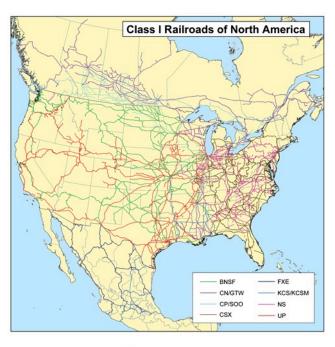


Long HaulMiddle MileLast Mile1000+ miles50-1000 miles<50 miles</td>





Impact: Modal shift away from trucking



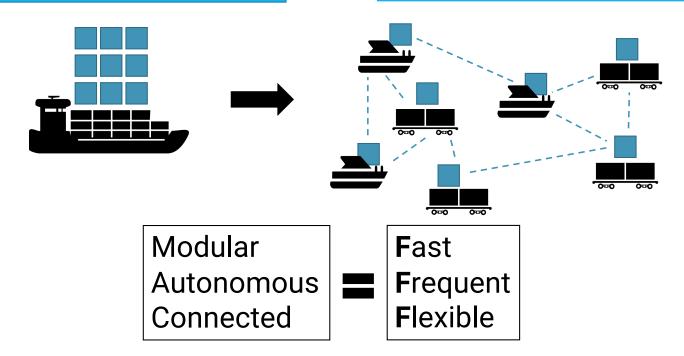
E + W coasts 228m tons by truck 39 TWh/yr (10 MT CO₂) Underutilized, highly penetrating infrastructure networks



US FAF5 Kmusser / DOT US Army Corps of Engineers

New paradigm: Bigger is not always better

 Energy reduction via modal shift from trucking to rail/water Increased resilience and performance of intermodal system





Let's Get Moving!

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